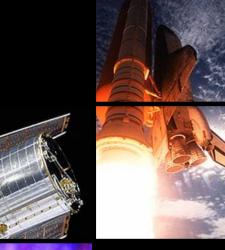
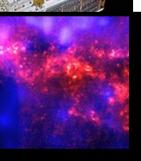
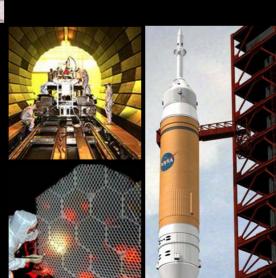
National Aeronautics and Space Administration



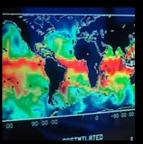


Marshall Space Flight Center Gateway to America's Return to the Moon





Presenter's Name
Presenter's Title
Presentation date









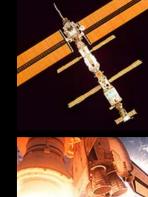
- Fly the space shuttle as safely as possible until its retirement.
- Complete the International Space Station, accommodating international partner commitments and human exploration.
- Develop a balanced overall program of science, exploration, and aeronautics consistent with the new focus on human exploration.
- Bring a new Crew Exploration Vehicle into service.
- Encourage partnerships with the emerging commercial space sector.
- Return to the moon and make it a base for later missions to Mars and beyond.

Marshall crucial to achieving NASA's strategic goals

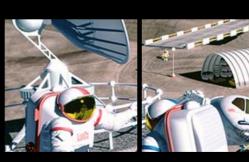
Marshall's Role in Achieving NASA Missions

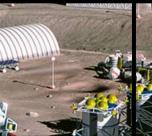
Systems developer and integrator for exploration and scientific missions

- Propulsion and space transportation systems
- Scientific spacecraft and complex space systems
- Scientific research and instrument development











Applying expertise in systems development and integration

Marshall Space Flight Center at a Glance

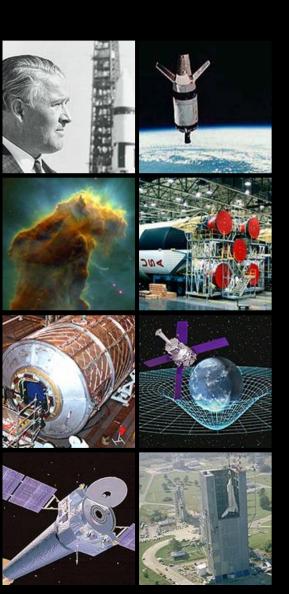
- Employees: 7,000 (2,570 Civil Service; 4,430 contractor)
- Location: 1,841 acres on Redstone Arsenal, Huntsville, Alabama
- Buildings: 237 with 4.5M sq ft of space
- One-of-a-kind facilities: 50
- Nearby resources:
 - National Space Science & Technology Center
 - Cummings Research Park
 - Alabama A & M University
 - University of Alabama Huntsville
 - U.S. Space & Rocket Center





- \$2.2B budget
- Part of NASA's nearly \$1B annual Alabama impact
- Payroll since 1960: \$6.1B
- Engages 20,800 people in 47 states
- Manages Michoud Assembly Facility near New Orleans

Marshall Historical Highlights 1960–2006



- 2006— Discovery launches on July 4th
- 2006— Delivers ISS Oxygen Generation System
- 2006— New Horizons probe to Pluto launched
- 2006— Stardust returns comet dust to earth
- 2005— Begins work on Ares I launch vehicle
- 2005— Discovery returns space shuttle to flight
- 2004— Gravity Probe B launched
- 1999— Chandra X-Ray Observatory launched
- 1995— Space Shuttle-MIR rendezvous
- 1990— Hubble Space Telescope launched
- 1988— Begins work on ISS
- 1981— America's first Space Shuttle
- 1975— Apollo-Soyuz test project
- 1973— Skylab, 1st U.S. space station
- 1969— Saturn V boosts humans to the Moon
- 1960— Wernher von Braun first MSFC Director







Marshall Program, Project and Activity Snapshot

Gateway for returning America to the moon

- Ares I crew launch and Ares V cargo launch vehicles projects
- Lunar Precursor Robotic Program
- Lunar Lander Project including Lunar Surface Access Module

Engineering and program management excellence

- Space shuttle propulsion
- International Space Station element integration
- Chandra X-Ray Observatory and Gravity Probe B programs
- Discovery and New Frontiers exploration programs

Science and technology development

- Earth and space science research and instrument development
- National Center for Advanced Manufacturing– sophisticated materials development
- Space Optics Manufacturing Technology
 Center large optics manufacturing/testing





Marshall Manages Shuttle and Space Station Elements

Space Shuttle – 25 years of flight

- External tank
- Main engines
- Reusable solid rocket boosters
- Reusable solid rocket motors

International Space Station – 5 years of habitation

- Marshall responsibilities:
 - Payload Operations Center (POC) Science management
 - Node 2 (connector module) and Node 3 (life support module)
 - Multi-Purpose Logistic Modules (MPLM)
 - Environmental Control and Life Support Systems (ECLSS)
 - Microgravity Science Glove Box
 - Space Station Furnace Facility (SSFF) science rack



Ares I and V Launch Vehicles Built on Proven Systems

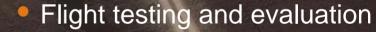
Marshall's development tasks

Systems engineering and integration

Safety and mission assurance

 First stage design and upper stage engine development and contracts management

 Upper stage design, development, testing, and evaluation



 CEV, launch abort system, service module, abort test booster support

Ares I flight tests begin in 2009

Ares V: Developing New Heavy Lift Capability

- Early engineering underway at Marshall
- Main vehicle for reliable delivery of large payloads to the moon or beyond
- At 358 feet, almost as tall as Saturn V
- With Ares I, successor to shuttle as America's workhorse system for routine space access

NASA's heavy lifter to help establish long-term human presence on moon

Paving the Way: Lunar Precursor Robotic Program





Creating Science Platforms to Enable Discovery

- Starting with Wernher VonBraun and Ernst Stuhlinger –
 Science was important from the beginning:
 What could be learned using the transportation infrastructure?
- Significant roles in major NASA science activities Skylab, HEAO, SpaceLab, Hubble, Compton/GRO, Chandra
- Significant roles in smaller NASA science activities Solar Max, DE, Polar, IMAGE, TRMM
- Highly specialized scientific expertise and excellence –
 We don't do everything but in specialty areas we excel



Exploring Our Universe



Chandra exploring the origin, evolution, and destiny of the universe

Marshall Earth Science Accomplishments

World's most comprehensive global lightning distribution maps

Highly detailed hurricane observations

 High-altitude remotely piloted vehicle for storm research

 Information to track natural disasters and alert decisionmakers in Central America

 Collaborative CDC-NASA project linking public health and environmental data

 Advances in weather prediction to speed NASA research to operational use



Improving understanding of the Earth system to benefit society

Marshall and NASA: Improving Life on Earth





- Smoke detectors
- Solar water heaters
- Cordless tools
- Satellite-based telephone, TV, and GPS
- Many, many more ...



Examples of technologies developed at Marshall

- Video enhancement system for law enforcement
- Selectively lockable knee brace
- "Smart" obstetrical forceps
- Compact rescue shears
- Eye health screening system
- Powerful medical X-ray lens system















Marshall's small business achievements help assure small firm participation in center programs and projects

- Small businesses, including those with Marshall contracts, supplied 23%+ of total value of federal prime contracts in FY 05
- Marshall exceeded all NASA small business goals for 8 straight years (FY 98-FY 05; total average procurement \$1.8B)
- About one-third of Marshall's top 50 contractors (FY 05) are small businesses
- 5 small businesses ranked among Marshall's top 20 FY 05 obligations by contract (values from \$24.9M to \$8.6M)
- Promoting optimum performance: Prime Contractor Supplier Council, Business Forums, Procurement Small Business Action Team, Small Business Coordinators



Small businesses drive community economic development

Space Exploration Boosts U.S. Strength and Prosperity



National Aeronautics and Space Administration

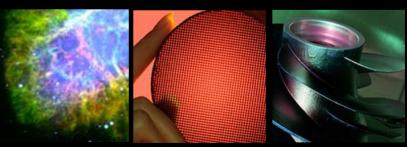








Questions and Answers

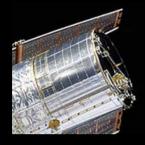


Visit www.nasa.gov/centers/marshall for more information



National Aeronautics and Space Administration

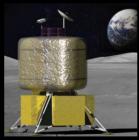








Backup Charts







Marshall's Capable Workforce

Workforce mix (Civil Service):

- College graduates: 2,220
- Bachelor's degrees: 1,440
- Master's degrees in engineering, math, physics: 597
- Doctoral degrees: 183

By discipline:

- Civil servants:
 - Engineers: 1,655
 - Scientists: 130
- Contractors:
 - Engineers: 1,554
 - Scientists: 18
 - G&A/business: 437





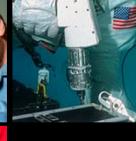


















Creative people leading space exploration

Ideal Technology and Business Environment

Aerospace and defense

- More than 90 aerospace and defense companies employ 11,000+ people
- Virtually all major aerospace firms represented
- Ten major aerospace companies each employ 300+ people

DoD organizations — Redstone Arsenal

- Aviation and Missile Command
- Missile and Space Intelligence Center
- Space and Missile Defense Command
- Aviation and Missile Research, Development and Engineering Center
- Program Executive Offices: Air, Space and Missile Defense; Aviation; and Tactical Missiles

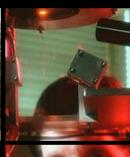
Technology consortiums and research

- National Space Science and Technology Center
- Cummings Research Park





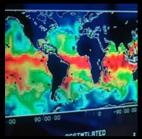




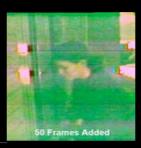


Huntsville – major concentration of tech and defense organizations

National Space Science & Technology Center (NSSTC)

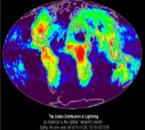


Understanding Climatology Analyzing weather patterns and their impact using satellite imaging and other data



Promoting Homeland Security
Enhancing images to assist law
enforcement with VISAR
software

Predicting Severe Weather Improving forecasting abilities using lightning, tornado, & hurricane measurements & analysis



Protecting Spacecraft & Satellite Communications

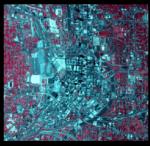
Analyzing and predicting solar flares and space 'weather' with scientific instruments





Rewriting Our Understanding of the Universe

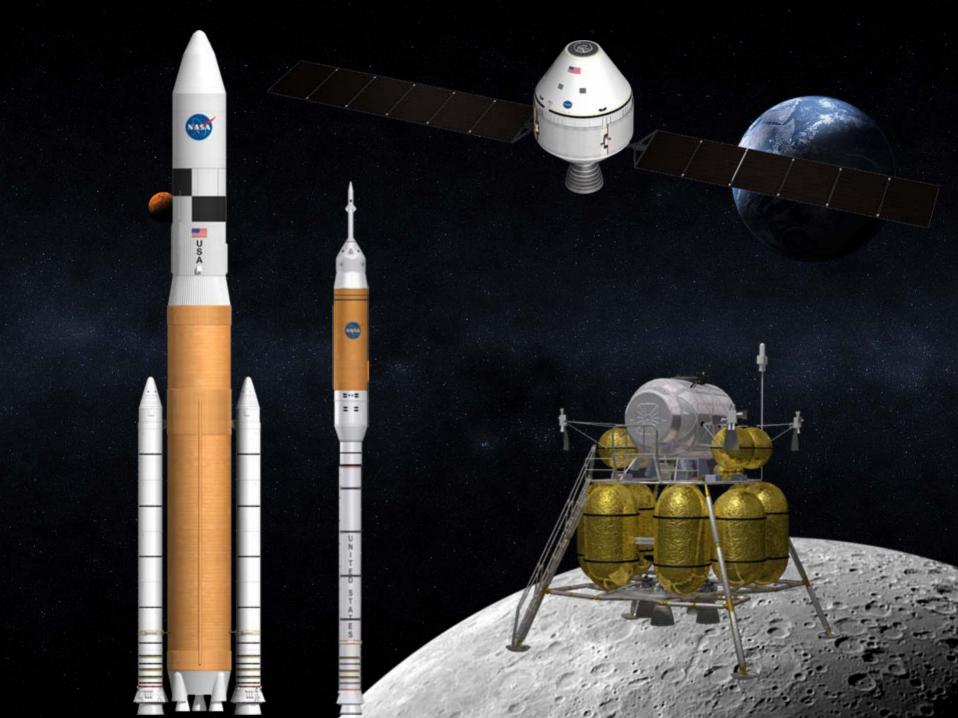
Performing cutting-edge space research that inspires the next generation



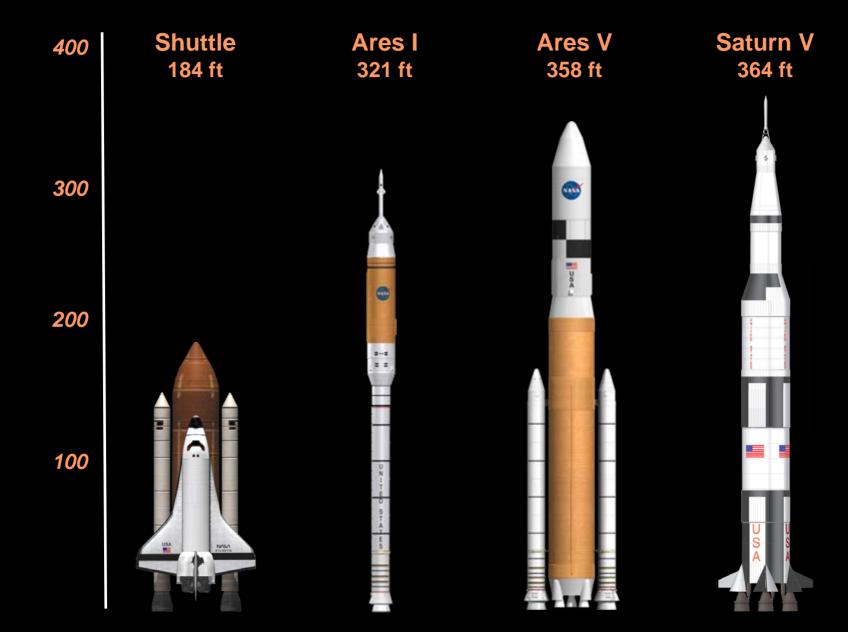
Improving Life on Earth

Using remote sensing data to understand urbanization effects and other changes in land use

Creating positive social, economic, educational, and quality-of-life outcomes through basic and applied research



Launch Vehicle Comparison



Leaders in the World's Scientific Community

- **Dr. Martin Weisskopf** 2006 George W. Goddard Award, International Society for Optical Engineering
- **Dr. Jeffrey Kolodziejczak** 2005 AIAA Oberth Award
- Marshall's four Rossi Prize recipients represent the excellence of the Center's scientific research
 - Dr. Martin Weisskopf 2004
 - Dr. Chryssa Kouveliotou 2003
 - Dr. Jan van Paradijs (UAH) 1998
 - Dr. Gerald Fishman 1994
- **Dr. Chryssa Kouveliotou** 2003 Descartes Prize
- **Jason A. Vaughn** 2000 Flemming Award Applied Sciences
- Richard Hoover (1992), Dr. David Hathaway (2002) NASA Inventors of the Year
- **Dr. Mark Christl, Dr. Tom Parnell** 2000 Antarctica Service Medal

Weisskopf



Kouveliotou



van Paradijs



Fishman



Creating platforms to enable scientific discoveries

Marshall and NASA: Investing in Education

Why invest in education?

- Strengthen the nation's future workforce
- Strengthen and expand the K-16 science, technology, engineering, and mathematics pipeline
- Engage Americans in NASA's mission

Marshall involvement in K-12 education

- NASA Explorer Schools (grades 4-9)
- Educator Resource Center Network
- NASA Web Portal Education Resources

Promoting STEM in higher education

- Undergraduate and Graduate Student Research Programs
- NASA Faculty Fellowship Program
- Great Moonbuggy Race









